MYSORE STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.

NOTE ON THE STATE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IN MYSORE STATE FOR THE WEEK ENDED THURSDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1934.

A total of 175 attacks with 96 deaths from Plague was returned during the week against 198 attacks with 120 deaths in the previous week. The Cities of Bangalore and Mysore and Kolar Gold Field area reported 11 attacks with 7 deaths, 21 attacks with 17 deaths, and 2 attacks with 1 death, respectively. Comparative figures for the corresponding week in 1933 and 1932 were 223 attacks with 144 deaths and 141 attacks with 91 deaths, respectively.

One hundred and forty-nine attacks with 25 deaths from Small-pox were reported (for the whole State) from one village in each of Magadi, Devanhalli, Holalkere, Hosdurga, Arkalgud, Bowringpet, Gudibanda, Malur, Malvalli, Sagar and Tiptur Taluks; two villages from each of Seringapatam and Mandya Taluks; three villages from Molkalmuru Taluk; four villages from Srinivaspur Taluk; five villages from Bagepalli Taluk and from Molkalmuru Town and from the Cities of Bangalore and Mysore and Kolar Gold Field area.

Two fatal cases from Influenza were reported from Bangalore City.

The State remained free from Cholera and Relapsing Fever.

The total mortality for Bangalore City amounted to 139 representing a calculated annual ratio of 37·95 per mille of population as against the average ratio of 21·07 for the corresponding week of last year. Classified according to causes, the deaths numbered—7 under Plague, 3 under Small-pox, 3 under Typhoid, 10 under other Fevers, 11 under Phthisis, 15 under Dysentery and Diarrhœa and 90 under all other causes.

During the week, the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, returned 83 deaths representing a calculated annual ratio of 32·44 per mille of population as against the average ratio of 21·90 for the corresponding week of last year. Classified according to causes, the deaths were—Plague 1, Small-pox 3, Malaria 1, Broncho Pneumonia 7, Pneumonia 1, other Fevers 4, Phthisis 3, Dysentery and Diarrhœa 12, and all other causes 51.

The total mortality for Mysore City was 52, representing a calculated annual ratio of 23·53 per mille of population as against the average ratio of 13·39 for the corresponding week of last year. Classified according to causes, the deaths were—Plague 17, Small-pox 2, Typhoid 2, Phthisis 3, Dysentery and Diarrhœa 6, and all other causes 22.

There were 55 deaths from all causes in Kolar Gold Field area, equivalent to a calculated annual ratio of 34·07 per mille of population as against the average ratio of 38·77 for the corresponding week of last year. Classified according to causes, the deaths numbered—1 under Plague, 1 under Typhoid, 9 under other Fevers, 6 under Dysentery and Diarrhœa, and 38 under all other causes.

NOTE ON THE STATE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IN MYSORE STATE FOR THE WEEK ENDED THURSDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1934.

A total of 141 attacks with 60 deaths from Plague was returned during the week against 175 attacks with 96 deaths in the previous week. The Cities of Bangalore and Mysore and Kolar Gold Field Area reported 8 attacks with 9 deaths, 19 attacks with 12 deaths and 1 attack with 1 death, respectively. Comparative figures for the corresponding week in 1933 and 1932 were 150 attacks with 114 deaths and 148 attacks with 95 deaths, respectively.

One hundred and eighteen attacks with 17 deaths from Small-pox were reported (for the whole State) from one village in each of Hoskote, Srinivaspur, Gudibande, Mandya, Hunsur and Tiptur Taluks, two villages from each of Hosdurga, Molakalmuru, Sidlaghatta and Malur Taluks, and nine villages from Bagepalli Taluk and from the Cities of Bangalore and Mysore and Kolar Gold Field Area.

Two attacks with one death from Cholera were reported from one village in Hunsur Taluk.

The State remained free from Influenza and Relapsing Fever.

The total mortality for Bangalore City amounted to 121, representing a calculated annual ratio of 33·04 per mille of population as against the average ratio of 23·88 for the corresponding week of last year. Classified according to causes, the deaths numbered—9 under Plauge, 2 under Small-pox, 1 under Malaria, 3 under Typhoid, 9 under Other Fevers, 7 under Phthisis, 21 under Dysentery and Diarrhœa and 69 under all other causes.

During the week, the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, returned 76 deaths representing a calculated annual ratio of 28·40 per mille of population as against the average ratio of 32·78 for the corresponding week of last year. Classified according to causes, the deaths were—Plague 3, Small-pax 1, Broncho-Pneumonia 8, Pneumonia 5, Other Fevers 3, Phthisis 2, Dysentery and Diarrhœa 15, and all other causes 39.

The total mortality for Mysore City was 49, representing a calculated annual ratio of 22·17 per mille of population as against the average ratio of 24·93 for the corresponding, week of last year. Classified according to causes, the deaths were—Plague 12, Small-pox 1, Malaria 1, Other Fevers 3, Phthisis 3, Dysentery and Diarrhœa 4, and all other causes 25.

There were 50 deaths from all causes in Kolar Gold Field Area equivalent to a calculated annual ratio of 34·07 per mille of population as against the average ratio of 27·07 for the corresponding week of last year. Classified according to causes, the deaths numbered—1 under Plague, 6 under Other Fevers, 4 under Phthisis, 2 under Dysentery and Diarrhœa and 37 under all other causes.

J. V. KARVE,
Director of Health.

NOTE ON THE STATE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IN MYSORE STATE FOR THE WEEK ENDED THURSDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1934.

A total of 81 attacks with 44 deaths from plague was returned during the week against 141 attacks with 60 deaths in the previous week. The Cities of Bangalore and Mysore and Kolar Gold Field Area reported 1 attack with nil death, 17 attacks with 8 deaths, and 1 attack with nil death respectively. Comparative figures for the corresponding week in 1933 and 1932 were 173 attacks with 113 deaths and 98 attacks with 73 deaths respectively.

Eighty-five attacks with 16 deaths from Small-pox were reported (for the whole State) from one village in each of Kunigal and Gudibanda Taluks, 2 villages from Srinivaspur Taluk, 3 villages from each of Molakalmuru, Bagepalli, Seringapatam and Malvalli Taluks and from the Cities of Bangalore and Mysore and Kolar Gold Field Area.

The State remained free from Cholera, Influenza and Relapsing Fever.

The total mortality for Bangalore City amounted to 117 representing a calculated annual ratio of 31·94 per mille of population as against the average ratio of 25·01 for the corresponding week of last year. Classified according to causes the deaths numbered 2 under Small-pox, 2 under Malaria, 3 under Typhoid, 4 under Other Fevers, 5 under Phthisis, 22 under Dysentery and Diarrhœa and 79 under All Other Causes.

During the week the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, returned 90 deaths representing a calculated annual ratio of 33·62 per mille of population as against the average ratio of 29·83 for the corresponding week of last year. Classified according to causes the deaths were Plague 1, Small-pox 1, Malaria 3, Broncho Pneumonia 5, Pneumonia 3, Typhoid 1, Phthisis 3, Dysentery and Diarrhœa 8, and All Other Causes 65.

The total mortality for Mysore City was 47 representing a calculated annual ratio of 21·30 per mille of population as against the average ratio of 26·32 for the corresponding week of last year. Classified according to causes the deaths were Plague 8, Typhoid 2, Other Fevers 2, Phthisis 4, Dysentery and Diarrhœa 1, and All Other Causes 30.

There were 45 deaths from All Causes in Kolar Gold Field Area equivalent to a calculated annual ratio of 27·77 per mille of population as against the average ratio of 32·61 for the corresponding week of last year. Classified according to causes the deaths numbered 1 under Small-pox, 1 under Typhoid, 11 under Other Fevers, 1 under Phthisis, 2 under Dysentery and Diarrhœa and 29 under All Other causes.

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For *Director of Health.*

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